

## PART A: MULTIPLE CHOICE (10 MARKS)

Choose the best response in each case and place your answer in the appropriate space on your answer sheet.

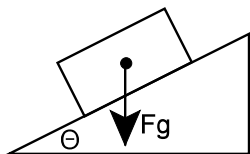
- A net force of 16 N accelerates a 4.0 kg body from 21 m/s to 29 m/s. The net force is applied for:
  - 0.5 s
  - 1.0 s
  - 2.0 s
  - 4.0 s
- A 60 kg skydiver is falling through the air (parachute opened). The force of wind resistance on the skydiver is 400 N[up]. If  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ [down] on Earth, the net vertical force on the skydiver is:
  - 200 N[down]
  - 400 N[down]
  - 600 N[down]
  - 800 N[down]

- An experimenter uses a bathroom scale to measure his weight while riding in an elevator. How will the reading on the bathroom scale compare to the normal reading for the following sequence of motion:
  - elevator starts to ascend (ie go up)
  - elevator ascends at a constant velocity
  - elevator stops

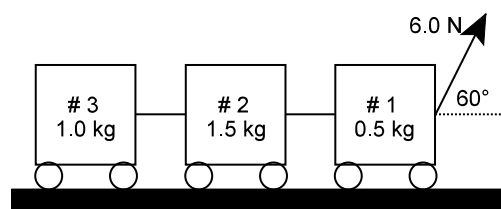
- lighter, lighter, heavier
- heavier, heavier, lighter
- heavier, normal, lighter
- lighter, normal, heavier

- The mass of an object:
  - is numerically equal to its weight.
  - has the same units as weight.
  - depends on its location.
  - is a measure of its inertia.

- An object is placed on an inclined plane. There is a component of the force of gravity acting on the object in a direction perpendicular to the plane. If the inclined plane is made steeper, that component:
  - always increases
  - always decreases
  - may either increase or decrease depending on the initial angle of inclination
  - may either increase or decrease depending on the roughness of the surface.



- A 3.0 kg sphere is released on a smooth frictionless plane which is inclined  $30^\circ$  to the horizontal (use  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ .) The force exerted by the plane on the sphere is closest to:
  - 10 N
  - 15 N
  - 26 N
  - 30 N
- A pull toy consists of three carts joined together by two short strings and with a longer string, for pulling, attached to the front cart. A child pulls the toy with a force of 6.0 N [ $60^\circ$  above the horizontal].



What is the magnitude of the force pulling the toy in the horizontal direction?

- 5.2 N
- 4.8 N
- 3.6 N
- 3.0 N

The following table lists the gravitational force fields of several planets. Use the table to answer questions 8 & 9.

| Planet  | $g(\text{N/kg})$ |
|---------|------------------|
| Earth   | 9.81             |
| Mercury | 3.60             |
| Jupiter | 26.40            |
| Venus   | 8.60             |

- An astronaut leaves Earth and lands on Jupiter. The astronaut has a mass of 50.0 kg on Earth. What is the mass of the astronaut on Jupiter?
  - 50.0 kg
  - 76.4 kg
  - $1.32 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$
  - $2.02 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$
- If you stand on the same spring scale on all of the planets, on which planet will your weight be the smallest?
  - Earth
  - Mercury
  - Jupiter
  - Venus
- Christine exerts a constant force of 1.5 N to pull a 2.0 kg object at constant velocity along a level surface on the moon ( $g = 1.6 \text{ N/kg}$  [down]). The coefficient of kinetic friction for this situation is:
  - 0.12
  - 0.47
  - 0.75
  - 1.3

PART A: MULTIPLE CHOICE (10 MARKS)

|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|

PART B: MATCH (0 MARKS)

|   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|---|---|---|---|

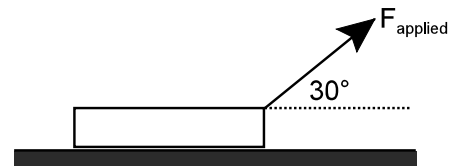
PART C: PROBLEMS (40 MARKS)

Answer the following questions on a separate sheet of paper. You may use the back of this sheet if you wish.

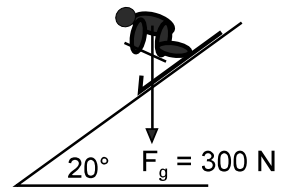
**Use  $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$  [down] where necessary.**

1. An astronaut on the surface of Mars finds that a rock accelerates at  $3.6 \text{ m/s}^2$  when it is dropped. The astronaut also finds that a force scale reads 260 N when the astronaut steps on it.
- {3} (a) What is the astronaut's mass as determined on the surface of Mars?
- {2} (b) What would the force scale read if the astronaut stepped on it on Earth?

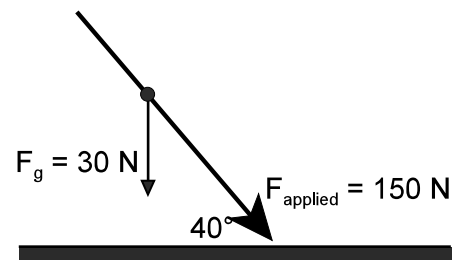
- {7} 2. A sled, 14.0 kg in mass, is being towed over ice by a rope that makes an angle of  $30.0^\circ$  with the horizontal. A force of 236 N acts along the rope. The frictional force is 100 N. Draw a FBD of the situation. Be sure to label your forces appropriately and to include their values. (NOTE: don't forget to resolve  $F_{\text{applied}}$  into its components in order to analyze this problem!)



- {6} 3. A skier weighing 300 N (ie  $F_g = 300 \text{ N}$ ) has just begun descending a  $20^\circ$  slope. The coefficient of kinetic friction is 0.20. Draw a FBD of the situation. Be sure to label your forces appropriately and to include their values. (NOTE: don't forget to resolve  $F_g$  into its components in order to analyze this problem!)



4. A girl pushes a snow shovel weighing 30 N at a uniform velocity across a sidewalk. The handle of the shovel is inclined at  $40^\circ$  to the horizontal and she pushes along the handle with a force of 150 N.
- {6} (a) Draw a FBD of the situation. Be sure to label your forces appropriately and to include values. (Hint: You may find it easier to resolve  $F_{\text{applied}}$  into horizontal and vertical components in order to analyze the problem.)
- {4} (b) What is the coefficient of kinetic friction?



5. A 8.0 kg mass on a frictionless table is accelerated by a 2.0 kg mass hanging from the table as shown.
- {5} (a) Draw a FBD for each mass. Be sure to label your forces appropriately and to include values (if possible).
- {4} (b) Calculate the acceleration of the blocks. (Watch your form ie FBD, positive directions, ...)
- {3} (c) Calculate the tension in the rope. (ditto ...)

